To import swine into Hawaii, the following requirements shall be met prior to entry. Swine that **do not meet pre-entry requirements may be refused entry into the state and returned to their point of origin at the importer's expense**.

An **<u>import permit</u>** issued by the Animal Disease Control Branch is required for <u>ALL</u> swine being imported into Hawaii.

## Pre-Shipment Requirements for Swine Entering Hawaii

- 1. Herd Quarantine Status: Swine must originate from a herd that is not under quarantine.
- 2. Health Status: Swine must be free from external parasites, transmissible diseases, and recent exposure to infectious or contagious diseases.
- 3. Identification: Swine must comply with USDA-APHIS official identification requirements for interstate movement. For more information on USDA requirements for interstate movement of swine, visit:

https://www.aphis.usda.gov/traceability/downloads/rule\_movement\_swine.pdf.

- a) Swine for Immediate Slaughter: Must be identified with an individual ear tag, slap brand, or tattoo.
- b) Breeding, Feeder, or Pet Swine: Must meet USDA official identification requirements for interstate transport.
- c) Companion Potbellied and Miniature Pigs: May alternatively be identified with a unique ISO 11784/11785 compliant microchip.
- 4. Porcine Epidemic Diarrhea Virus (PEDv) and Porcine Delta Coronavirus (PDCoV) Tests: Swine must test negative for PEDv and PDCoV through fecal polymerase chain reaction (PCR) testing within 10 days of shipment. The animal's official identification must be recorded on the laboratory report.
- 5. Pseudorabies Virus (PRV) Test: Swine (excluding those shipped directly to slaughter) must test negative for pseudorabies virus (PRV) through serological testing within 30 days of shipment by a USDA-approved laboratory. The animal's official identification must be recorded on the laboratory report.
- 6. Additional Testing for Kauai: Swine moving to the island of Kauai must also test negative for Porcine Reproductive and Respiratory Syndrome (PRRS) within 30 days of shipment. The animal's official identification must be recorded on the laboratory report.
- 7. Certificate of Veterinary Inspection (CVI): A CVI must be issued by a licensed, USDAaccredited (Category II) veterinarian.
  - a) **Required items on the CVI:** 
    - i. Issuance: The CVI must be issued within **seven (7) days** of shipment, with the issue date recorded.

- ii. Veterinarian Information: Name, address, phone number, and signature of the USDA-accredited (Category II) veterinarian.
- iii. Consignor and Consignee Information: Names, addresses, and phone numbers of the shipper (consignor) and receiver (consignee).
- iv. Animal Description: Age, sex, breed, color, official identification, and any other unique identifying features.
- v. Test Results: Negative test results for all required pre-entry testing.

## b) Required statements on the CVI:

- i. Swine are free from external parasites, transmissible diseases, and recent exposure to infectious or contagious diseases.
- ii. Swine originated from a herd with no cases of Pseudorabies in the 12 months preceding shipment.
- iii. Swine have not been exposed to feral swine.
- iv. Swine have not been fed raw garbage.
- v. Swine are progeny of and originate from a herd and area not under quarantine for any swine disease.
- vi. For swine from states affected by Vesicular Stomatitis (VS) during outbreaks, include the statement:

"I have examined all the animals identified on this certificate within 72 hours of shipment date and found them to be free from signs of Vesicular Stomatitis (VS). During the last thirty (30) days, these animals have not been exposed to VS nor located on a VS confirmed or VS suspected premises."

- 8. Import Permit:
  - a) Request a **Swine Import Permit** from the Animal Disease Control Branch by submitting copies of the CVI and official test chart(s) for review. Please contact the Animal Disease Control Branch:

Email: <u>HDOA.LDC@hawaii.gov</u> Phone: (808) 483-7100 Fax: (808) 483-7110

After-Hours Phone (Weekdays, Weekends, and Holidays): (808) 837-8092

- b) Once pre-shipment requirements are met, a Swine Import Permit will be issued. The review of documents and issuance of permits are conducted daily during business hours.
- c) The import permit, CVI, and official test chart(s) must accompany the shipment.
- 9. Entry Inspection: It is the responsibility of the owner or their authorized agent to present a **COMPLETE**, **LEGIBLE**, **ORIGINAL hard copy** of the **import permit**, **CVI**, **and official test chart(s)** to comply with the State of Hawaii's pre-shipment requirements at the time of the entry inspection.

## Post-Arrival Requirements for Swine Entering Hawaii

- 1. Isolation of Swine Imported for Slaughter: Swine must be consigned to the licensed quarantine slaughterhouse specified on the swine import permit and slaughtered within 30 days of arrival.
- 2. Isolation of Breeding, Feeder, or Pet Swine: Newly imported swine must remain isolated at the farm designated on the Swine Import Permit. Isolation from other swine is required until post-arrival testing is complete.
- 3. Post-Arrival Testing:
  - a) Swine must be tested for **Brucellosis and Pseudorabies** between **30-45 days** after arrival.
  - b) Additional Testing for Kauai: Swine moved to Kauai must also be tested for **PRRS** between **30-45 days** after arrival.
  - c) Testing and sample collection must be conducted by a licensed, USDA-accredited (Category II) veterinarian in Hawaii.
  - d) Samples should be submitted to the Hawaii State Veterinary Laboratory for processing.
    - i. If your veterinarian submits samples to a laboratory other than the Hawaii State Veterinary Laboratory, they are <u>required</u> to forward copies of the test results to the Animal Disease Control Branch.