

Mary Alice Evans, Ex Officio Member

Diane Ley, Hawaii Member Vincent Mina, Maui Member

Fred Cowell, Kauai Member

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Minutes of the Board of Agriculture October 26, 2021

CALL TO ORDER – The meeting of the Board of Agriculture was called to order on October 26,

Suzanne Case, Chairperson, Board of Land and Natural Resources, Ex Officio Member

2021 at 9:03 a.m. by Board of Agriculture Chairperson, Phyllis Shimabukuro-Geiser. The meeting was conducted virtually via Zoom due to the current risk of exposure to COVID-19.

Dr. Nicholas Comerford, Dean of the College of Tropical Agriculture & Human

Phyllis Shimabukuro-Geiser, Chairperson, Board of Agriculture

Resources University of Hawaii, Ex Officio Member

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Randy Cabral, Member-at-Large En Young, Member-at-Large Others Virtually Present:1 18087218020 18088855593 Albert Vargas, FIN Aldric Ulep, FIN Alexia Akbay Becky Azama, HDOA/PI Bobby Farias Brian Kau Chad Buck Cornel K. Donald Garwood, HDOA/ARMD Dutch Kuyper, Parker Ranch Frank Vandersloot

Heath Williams, HDOA/Chair

Helmuth Rogg, HDOA/PI

Isaac Bottleberghe

James Nakatani, ADC

Jacob Tavares

Janelle

Ian Hirokawa, DLNR Land

Greenwell

Members Virtually Present:

¹ The identification of the public members is based on their sign-in name, but are not verified.

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1		Janet
2		Jay Rawlings
3		Jill Mattos
4		Jonathan Ho
5		Jonathan Ho, HDOA/PQ
6		Joyce Wong, HDOA/ARMD
7		Kenani Gramberg
8		Kevin Moore (DLNR Land)
9		Kimeone Kane
10		Kristi Saiki
11		Laura Acasio, Senator
12 13		Linda Murai, HDOA/ARMD
14		Megahn Chun Michele McCoy
15		MKM
16		Morris Atta, HDOA
17		Nicole Galase
18		Onaona Thoene
19		Plant Hawaii
20		Roy Hasegawa, HDOA/ARMD
21		Russell Tsuji
22		Scott Enright
23		Shaun Wilcox
24		Stephanie Buck
25		Steve Steve Madhanna
26		Susan Mulkern The Kehele Center BCRDS Brogram
27 28		The Kohala Center RCBDS Program Trent Vandersloot
29		Whitesides
30		Zanga
31		Zariga
32	11.	APPROVAL OF MINUTES FROM 6/22/2021 MEETING
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34	Motion to Approve 9/28/2021 minutes: Cowell/Ley	
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36	Board Member Comerford indicated that he would not vote because he did not attend the	
37	9/28/2	1 meeting.
38		A server I O O (Albertain and O area anti-mal)
39	vote:	Approved; 8-0 (Abstained-Comerford)
40 41		
42	III.	INTRODUCTIONS
43	111.	MINODOCTIONS
44	IV.	COMMUNICATIONS FROM DIVISIONS AND ADMINISTRATION
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A. AGRICULTURAL RESOURCE MANAGEMENT DIVISION

Independent Appraisal for Rent Reopenings, Lease Conversions, Lease Extensions, and New Leases for Various Lots Located Statewide; TMK Nos.: (1) 4-1-008:071, 072 por; (1) 4-1-018:049; (1) 4-1-027:027; (1) 4-1-035:001, 002, 004, 005, 006, 007, 008, 009, 011, 013, 014; (2) 2-2-004:001, 002, 029, 031, 066; (2) 2-2-005:047, 053; (3) 2-2-056:027, 028, 029, 030, 032, 033, 034, 035, 036, 037, 038, 039, 040, 041, 042, 043, 044, 045; (3) 5-5-003:004, 005, 006, 5-5-005:001, 5-5-006:002, 003, 004, 015; (3) 7-3-049:002, 003, 005, 007, 008, 009, 010, 011, 012.

1. Resubmittal Request for Acceptance of Annual Lease Rents as Determined by

Chair asked for a motion to vote on the new leases separately because the rents are set, and they are Act 90 transfers. She added that farmers and ranchers have shown interest and are waiting for the Act 90 transfers to be advertised and auctioned.

Board Member Evans questioned if the new leases were characterized by "disposition" under purpose. Mr. Donald Garwood, ARMD, Branch Manager confirmed that was correct.

Chair and Members pointed out that some of the leases with purpose listed as disposition were identified with lease numbers. Staff explained that the lease on Oahu was expired, and the lessee left the premises and one parcel on Hawaii Island was cancelled. All the leases on Maui were new leases and did not have lease numbers.

Motion to Approve Request for Acceptance of Annual Lease Rents as Determined by Independent Appraisal for New Leases: Mina/Cabral

Discussion:

 Board Member Mina asked about the designation of non-ag park on Maui. Chair explained that the parcels were Act 90 transfers from DLNR.

Board Member Comerford noted the discrepancy in values between the islands and asked what valuation method the consultant had used to determine the fair market rent. Ms. Linda Murai, ARMD, answered that the appraisals were based on market values of comparable real estate. Board Member Comerford asked if it was based on best use to which Ms. Murai answered that it was based on raw land value; any improvements on the property and the potential crop to be grown were not considered. She further explained that the Maui parcels were pastureland, and the use impacted the value. Board Member Comerford commented that the Oahu rents seemed high relative to rents around the country. He added that he recognized the unique situation but usually the type of crop would be one of the determining factors for the valuation. As an example, if the crop was ornamentals in Waimanalo, he would understand the valuation. Ms. Murai explained that the appraisals were based on the market value of real estate. She said that Waimanalo was a highly desirable area, and the appraisals were based on recent sales prices. She also confirmed that the appraisals were based on agricultural use and not highest and best use.

Board Member Evans voiced concern that potential for Ag income should not be related to fair market value for ag use but should be based on the potential for crops or ranching. She explained that in Waimanalo, many fee simple lots that had an ag covenant (which expired in 2002) on them are now being used for residential purposes driving up the land value even though it is in an ag district. She felt the department should allow farmers to be able to farm without having to pay a value based on the demand for property and it was contradictory that farms close to market have reduced transportation costs, but the parcels cost more.

Board Member Case commented that the value of a farm parcel is different when also used for housing. She also said that by second guessing the appraised prices, they would be interfering with the process.

Board Member Young stated that the Board passed rent terms a few months ago based on appraisals and was now contemplating different agreements between different sets of farmers. He felt that it was not the proper vehicle for rent relief. He asked staff if there were any plans outside of rent relief that could ameliorate the effects of the pandemic outside of the Board continuing to defer action on rental acceptance.

Chair said that the consideration for new rents was deferred because the Board wanted to confer with DAG Bryan Yee, who was travelling during the last Board Meeting, for advice on what was required by statute.

Board Member Cabral referred to the prior minutes where Mr. Kau said that the appraisals were based on unimproved, vacant land. He wanted clarification on the appraisal process because if that was the case, housing should not be included in the appraisal. Ms. Murai confirmed that it was based on unimproved, vacant land and announced that the appraiser, Mr. Ted Yamamura, from ACM Consultants, was available to answer any technical questions.

Board Member Cabral questioned if a there was a prior operation, for example a nursery with infrastructure, would the infrastructure be considered. Mr. Yamamura answered that only vacant land transactions were utilized, no improvements, whether site or structural were included. The comparables used were vacant land sales compared to the leased properties, and improvements were not included.

Board Member Comerford asked if the approach was a common because to his knowledge, the rents on crop land is usually related to the crop and productivity of the land. Mr. Yamamura replied that the appraiser is bound by the provisions in the statutes and rules, HRS 166-11 and HAR 4-153 and 4-158, which give clear instructions to the appraiser.

Board Member Case asked if existing structures on the land would be appraised. Mr. Yamamura replied that improvements were excluded. Board Member Case asked if it would be a fair price if a Waimanalo farm lot included a house. Mr. Yamamura answered that if the appraisal assignment was to determine annual rent plus improvements, then it would reflect both land and improvement rental values. If their assignment was to determine only the land value and land rental, then that is what would be provided.

Board Member Case asked about the appraisal assignment. Chair answered that the appraisals were based on vacant land to provide the most affordable rent.

Mr. Brian Kau, ARMD Administrator said that the language is "reasonable" rent; he added that they had explored other methods of appraising the land, which included breaking out specific amounts for farm dwellings for an income-based approach, but higher rent values resulted. He said statues did not require the division to use highest and best use values and the division wants to encourage and promote agriculture. Because they do not have to deal with highest and best use, he feels they can provide what is best for their lessees.

Board Member Mina said he questioned whether the highest and best use would be keeping a farmer in business. Farming has so many variables and crops yields cannot be consistently projected. Not saying the appraisal was not fairly done but that it seemed like a systemic issue and the issue of infrastructure to have ag in Hawaii without the farmer being squeezed should be investigated.

DAG Bryan Yee asked for clarification from Mr. Kau and Mr. Yamamura. Regarding rent reopening and lease extensions, existing structures are not included because they are done by the farmer after the initial lease is awarded. For rent reopening and lease extensions the house would have typically been built by the farmer. Mr. Kau answered, yes, but sometimes there is a structure left by a previous tenant.

For new leases, if someone left the property and then it was leased out, there may be a house on the property; DAG Yee asked if the value of the house would be included in the upset price for subsequent lease extensions or reopenings.

Mr. Kau stated that in the past, every other appraisal method resulted in a higher upset price for the tenant. He emphasized that appraising land for the highest and best use will result in higher rent for the tenant.

DAG Yee commented that whomever bids would have to outbid someone else who wanted the house. Mr. Kau stated that the process is not a public auction but a closed, sealed bid awarding the best and final offer. DAG Yee continued, if someone is bidding on two different lots, one with a house and one without, they would bid more on the one with a house. If the rent reopening does not include the price of the house, he asked the likelihood that the rent would increase if it does not include the value of the house. The initial sealed bid will likely be higher than the appraised amount because they will bid more than the upset price. When the lease goes to rent reopening solely based on a vacant lot, what is the likelihood that will result in an increased price.

He asked Mr. Yamamura if the process used for a new lease was based on a vacant lot even if there was a house on the lot. Mr. Yamamura replied, not necessarily and explained that if there was a house on the property, the land agent would inform the appraiser on whether to include the house.

DAG Yee said in this case, all the lots are vacant so the question could be revisited. He asked if it was based on highest and best ag use. Mr. Yamamura agreed.

When looking for comparables, DAG Yee wanted to know if the appraiser looked at lots that could be used for houses. Mr. Yamamura replied that Honolulu Ag zoning ordinance permits residential uses and whether to consider it was immaterial because it is allowed by the zoning ordinance. If valuing vacant land and using vacant land sales that are zoned ag, then the consideration of single-family use is already included.

DAG Yee asked if DOA had limited use to prohibit farm dwellings, it would have to be considered in analysis of comparables. Mr. Yamamura agreed.

DAG Yee asked if the appraiser compared ag lots to other ag lots that did not allow housing. Mr. Yamamura replied, no. DAG Yee wanted to know how the appraiser considered whether housing was allowed on particular lots. Mr. Yamamura explained that if they are open market lots, not under government control and are ag zoned, they permit single-family residential use. HRS 166 requires the appraiser to determine fair market value of the land based on comparable vacant land sales. The annual lease rent, rate of return, is based on the fee-simple market value. Rate of return addresses lease limitations, beginning with the market value of the land.

Board Member Case asked staff if the new auction parcels had dwelling structures on them. Ms. Murai said that the Kula pasture lots were vacant, and the Oahu lot did not have any permitted structures. Ms. Joyce Wong, said that the parcel on the Hawaii lot identified as S-4754 included a framed utility shed and a carport opening, gravel floor, another shed with roof but no dwelling.

Board Member Case did not have any concerns if there were no homes on the lots. She said it was a theoretical issue and important in appraisal instructions, but she does not have a problem with them. She said she agreed that to promote farming they should charge something focused on farming use and not highest and best use.

Board Member Evans asked how long it had been since HRS 166-9 and 166-6 (e) had been amended. She felt that the basis may have been logical at the time the statutes were created but now the huge gap between housing supply and demand has changed the basis for land and farm income is not going to keep up with the value of a lot with a farm dwelling on it. She felt that for Oahu, farm income for types of crops that can be grown on comparable lots would be a better way.

DAG Yee said that HRS 166-11 was created in 1996 and allows the department to enter into negotiations for leases. HRS 166-6, requiring consideration of appraisals came into effect in 1986 and amended various time since.

Mr. Mark Fukui, owner of a tree nursery in Waimanalo said that he thinks the appraisal was taken out of context. He said his Ag I lot was being compared to three Ag II sales. He said that rent should be considered in the context of the struggles that the farmers go through and not the Ag II market. He said that he does not want the rent increase to set a precedent that would prevent current farmers from farming or promote certain types of farming that would prevent future farmers from affording the land.

Motion to go into executive session to get advice from the Deputy Attorney General regarding the Board's Authority: Evans/Cabral

Vote: Approved, 9-0

The meeting was recessed at 10:00 a.m. for the Board to go into Executive session

The meeting resumed at 10:49 a.m. with 9 Board Members present.

Chair repeated the motion:

 Motion to accept the annual rents as determined by independent appraisal for <u>new leases</u> for parcels identified for the purpose of "Disposition".

Vote: Approved; 9-0

Motion to accept annual lease rent by independent appraisal for <u>rent reopenings</u>, <u>lease conversions and extensions</u>: Cowell/Comerford

Discussion:

Board Member Evans voted with reservations with a suggestion that staff take a new look at appraisal instructions and to incorporate the potential for farm income vs. land value comparable approach.

Board Member Ley voted with reservations, asking Chair to direct staff to reach out to the lessees that will be receiving the rental increase and let them know about process to claim hardship and to expedite any requests received

Board Member Mina voted with reservations and would appreciate if staff would communicate to lessees where money will go and what it will be used for as far as infrastructure and staff use. In addition, get involved in changing statutes to have a legislature more supportive of the Department of Agriculture to serve the farmers.

Cabral voted with reservations to encourage farmers to seek relief from the Department.

Vote: Approved, 9-0; (with reservations-Evans, Ley, Mina, Cabral)

2. Request for Consent to Assignment of General Lease No. S-3764; Hawaiian Floral Nursery, LLC, Lessee/Assignor, to Scotland C. Willson, Assignee; TMK: (1) 4-1-010-008, Koolaupoko, Waimanalo, Island of Oahu, Hawaii.

Linda Murai, HDOA/ARMD presented testimony as submitted. Staff Recommendation: Approval

1 Motion to Approve: Evans/Mina 2

Public Testimony: None

Discussion:

Board Member Evans wanted to know the definition of a negative net consideration. Ms. Murai explained that the value of inventory exceeds the purchase price so any premium due by the assignee to the state is zeroed out.

Board Member Case asked how the inventory was valued. Ms. Murai said that the figure was provided by the lessee. They are an organic nursery, required to keep a running inventory value, which they provided as backup. The inventory was all plants and did not include the house. She further explained that they are well known in the community and the property is mostly shadehouses and a modest house.

Vote: Approved; 9-0

3. Request for Approval of Extension of Lease and Consent to Assignment of General Lease No. S-4008; Walter Fook Loy Chong, Trustee, and Evelyn Meu Lang Chong, Trustee, Lessee/Assignor, to Sustainable Ideation, LLC, Assignee; TMK: (1) 4-1-027:014, Koolaupoko, Waimanalo, Island of Oahu, Hawaii.

Roy Hasegawa, HDOA/ARMD presented testimony as submitted.

Staff Recommendation: Approval

Motion to Approve: Mina/Evans

Public Testimony: None

Discussion:

Board member Evans described the location against the Pali being steep with ridges and valleys and a challenging spot to farm.

Vote: Approved; 9-0

4. Request for Consent to Assignment of General Lease No. S-5586; Big Island Dairy, LLC, Lessee/Assignor, to Hawaii Secure Foods, LLC (HSF), Assignee; TMK Nos: (3) 3-9-001:001, 002; (3) 3-9-002:007, 008; (3) 4-1-001:006 and (3) 4-1-005:001, North Hilo, Island of Hawaii, Hawaii.

Brandi Ah Yo, HDOA/ARMD presented testimony as submitted.

Motion to Approve: Ley/Cabral

Staff Recommendation: Approval

1 Public Testimony:

Senator Laura Acasio, testified, verbally and in writing, in support of the assignment. She said that she visited the site and met with the Bucks. They have a vision and conscientious approach to reaching out to the community. Her office will work to engage the in-community partnerships.

Nicole Milne, The Kohala Center, supported of the assignment both verbally and in writing. She said Kea's dedication to the dairy industry and Buck's commitment to Hawaii's food security during the pandemic and before. HSF has expertise industry partners, and they look forward to assisting them.

Michelle Galimba, Kuahiwi Ranch, stood on her written testimony in strong support of the assignment.

Discussion:

Board Member Evans asked if HSF planned to create their value-added products on site. Mr. Chad Buck replied that the facility is made of state-of-the-art equipment. They are excited to make the equipment available not only for artisan operation but for the butters, yogurts, etc. in addition to value added addition to the dairy industry. He hoped they could inspire small dairy operators around the state to take their milk to market via value-added products. Currently, the plan is to do that on-site.

Board Member Mina asked if they planned to mob graze cows. Mr. Buck said that they will be doing rotational grazing.

Board Member Ley acknowledged parties that have come together to save another dairy.

Vote: Approved; 9-0

 Resubmittal Request for Approval of Extension of Lease Term, General Lease Nos. S-7000, S-7014, S-7015 and S-7016; Hawaii Beef Lease, LLC (HBL), Lessee; TMK: 3rd Div/4-3-005:002; 3rd Div/4-3-005-002-5002; 3rd Div/4-3-005-002-5003 and 3rd Div/4-3-005-002-5004, Hamakua Agricultural Park, Pohakuhaku and Kemau 1st, Hamakua District, Island of Hawaii, Hawaii.

Brandi Ah Yo, HDOA/ARMD made a correction to the first paragraph of the submittal under background regarding the succession of leases as follows:

"On November 2, 1995, the Board of Agriculture (BOA) awarded General Lease No. S-7000, a 35 direct-year lease to Hawaii Beef Packers, Inc. On September 16, 2003, the BOA consented to the assignment of General Lease No. S-7000 from Hawaii Beef Packers, Inc. to Hawaii Beef Producers, LLC. On June 30, 2020, the BOA consented to the assignment of General Lease S-7000 from Hawaii Beef Producers, LLC to Hawaii Beef Lease, LLC.

On June 30, 1998, the BOA awarded 35 direct-year leases to Hawaii Beef Packers, Inc. under General Lease Nos. S-7014, S-7015 and S-7016. On September 16, 2003 the BOA

consented to the assignment of General Lease No's S-7014, S-7015 and S-7016 from Hawaii Beef Packers, Inc to Hawaii Beef Producers, LLC. On June 30, 2020, the BOA consented to the assignment of General Lease No's. S-7014, S-7015 and S-7016 from Hawaii Beef Producers, LLC to Hawaii Beef Lease, LLC"

Staff Recommendation: Approval

Motion to Approve: Ley/Cabral

Public Testimony:

Scott Enright, representing Hawaii Beef Lease (HBL) and Hawaii Sustainable Beef (HSB) said the backend of the cattle industry, the slaughter and value added, have not made economic sense in decades. Therefore, they have not been able to attract the private capital needed to upgrade the facilities and a history of failures have led to the state owning the two largest slaughter facilities in the state. HSB has come forward with private capital. Board awarded lease extension for the Campbell facility. After that was done, close to \$15 million in improvements have been input into the facility. HSB would like to do the same thing for Paauilo. The lease extension requested would allow the justification of the capitol that is needed to bring the facility up to where it should be to service the cattle industry.

Mr. Frank VanderSloot made an opening statement. He is one of the owners of HSB operating the plant on Oahu and the plant in Hilo. Why he wants to do it: He said that he grew up on a ranch and believes in the industry.

He said there is not enough capacity in Hawaii to process the cattle. He paid off all Kunoa's bills and came to the Board to extend the lease on the Oahu plant. In 12 months, by his infusion of money, the building was refurbished with state-of-the-art equipment and kept everyone employed.

He would like to renovate the Paauilo facility. He said that 80% of all beef goes to Parker Ranch and Kuahiwi Ranch. He promised that they would not reduce anything. They have done everything to increase the capacity, but the bottleneck is the hotbox where they have 24 hours to cool the carcass. They are processing at their max. There's a big demand for local beef, but they cannot increase production without increasing the hotbox. The roof and the well also need to be repaired. They can't afford to do that with only 9 years left on the lease and is asking for the lease extension to make the investments. He said that if they are granted the extension, they will do everything quickly and get the operation running so that can do a larger percentage of the cattle in Hawaii.

Dutch Kuyper, CEO, Parker Ranch, stood on his written testimony and said that the lease extension request is an attempt to preserve the gains over the market and to control the market for beef cattle on Hawaii Island. One major plant has 90% of capacity and there is no alternative. The plant generates about \$1 profit per year attributable to toll processing arrangement that Parker Ranch has with HBP. The operator will argue for efficiencies but asked that to keep in perspective is that the operating cost of the plant is \$2.5 million per year but the retail value of the beef is \$25 million to \$30 million per year. 10% improvement in

efficiency would only add up to about \$250,000 savings. He said it is about controlling market access. 35% of plant capacity is dedicated to toll processing. It was higher before the new owners took over. Locally branded beef generates a premium. Direct contract ensures that there is a 3rd market for cattle in Hawaii. Toll processing fees increased over 50% and prices only increased 20%. They ranch absorbs the difference. They make less money in Hawaii than on the mainland. The packer has used their market to drive up processing fees and extract profits out of them. 3rd market, direct contract, is an innovation led by Parker Ranch. They were replicating Kuahiwi. The Big Island is 70% of statewide capacity. They want to make sure their 3rd market is preserved. He said that the recommend that 35-40% of the capacity of the plant (section 9) reflect current market conditions available for toll processing. He reserved the right for a contested case. 2:54:58

Michelle Galimba: Kuahiwi Ranch, testified that the Ranch is in favor. As a producer, she said she does not want to go back to the bad old days. She expressed appreciation for Mr. VanderSloot, but added that processing services should be preserved.

Discussion:

Chair recapped the testimonies: 45 in support; 1 opposition, 1 appreciates intent. 2 additional late testimonies in support.

Board Member Mina said that he appreciated Mr. VanderSloot's passion and would vote in support.

Board Member Cabral commended the applicant's efforts in the slaughterhouse issue. He said that he is a small rancher and understands the challenges. He asked if toll processing services would be continued.

Mr. VanderSloot replied in the affirmative and said that the biggest processor is Parker Ranch. He said that there were no plans to remove toll processing and committed to continuing. He added that Parker Ranch wants a larger piece of the pie, but they need to make the pie bigger rather than cut someone else. Toll processing, especially for Parker Ranch, is the key. Priority is to keep it intact and he would commit in writing. There was only one request for additional toll processing from Ms. Galimba but they can't do it yet because they need more room. It's not a part of the current model in what they can do; they would be happy to consider new processing but need a larger plant. He said they will not cutback on Parker Ranch.

Board Member Cabral stated that Jill Mattos said to put more animals through the Big Island plant, they would have to send more carcasses to Oahu to free up more room. Oahu can take a lot more cattle from the Big Island. Demand from Restaurants is to have beef processed on Oahu.

Board Member Case asked if the volume for Parker Ranch and Kuahiwi Ranch would be maintained.

Mr. VanderSloot said that everyone would be kept intact and they would expand. The debate is who the expansion will go to. They will continue to do toll processing for Parker Ranch.

Board Member Case asked if there was a way to condition approval to assure the existing retail arrangements would be kept in place.

Mr. VanderSloot said that they are committed to Parker Ranch, the community and the Board. He did not want to renegotiate the lease.

Board Member Young said that he was not opposed to the prospect or idea of conditioning the lease but would not want to start having that done at the Board level. He said that the Board was not privy to everything going on in the lease negotiations and did not want to set a precedent to circumvent lease negotiations by coming to the Board.

Board Member Mina asked Mr. VanderSloot what was done with the offal.

Mr. VanderSloot answered that some are sold but the rendering facility will enable more use. Board Member Mina asked about composting. Mr. VanderSloot said that compost was a viable way but they would need to upgrade the waste process.

Mr. VanderSloot stated that they were not asking or amicable to opening or negotiating the lease. He hoped that the Board would have confidence in them not cutting players short in any way.

Board Member Ley appreciated Mr. VanderSloot coming forward with resources and energy and promises and commitment to keep moving forward. She also expressed appreciation for the Hawaii Cattlemen's Council and HBL and said that raising cattle is one thing but getting from field to table is complex.

Mr. VanderSloot said he could provide an annual report. The current lease requires them to harvest but does not require them to process. They cut up the carcass even though they are not required to. He is willing to commit to and continue toll processing. He said they do a lot that they are not required to do because they want to expand and need they beef in order to expand. To keep cattle from going to the mainland, they need to pay more money. He reiterated that they would make a commitment but did not want to renegotiate the lease. They are not asking for State money or doing it to get a return on the investment.

Board Member Case commented that Hawaii Island needs an expanded beef processing facility. The request is to extend the lease 20 years. It is an early request to extend because lease has 9 years left. If the investment is going to be made, Mr. VanderSloot wants to know that he can amortize the investment. They intend to keep the existing retail arrangements in place. She asked how the anticipated production payment to the ranchers compare to the shipping cattle to the mainland.

Mr. VanderSloot said that they believe that they have a financial model that will work. A lot must change for the ranching community to raise market cattle. Currently, they have cow/calf operations and no market cattle. It's comparing apples to oranges. They send a baby calf to the mainland. They must send a calf that fits into the container. People make the choice to send cattle to the mainland and put them in feedlot on the mainland. To entice them to keep cattle on the island, they will have to have prices to do that. There is an immediate need to process cull cattle. To be competitive, they must offer enough money to move forward with them

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rather than being sent to the mainland. He said that they are committed, and he is excited about what it could do for Hawaii. Board Member Comerford said that the biggest problem is putting barriers in the way of getting it done. He hoped that they could encourage entrepreneurs. He indicated that he would vote for the extension and added that no state money would be used. Board Member Lev said that assurance for access to local markers was a sore spot. She asked, if the lessee was willing, could the state move quickly to add a new section. She asked if Mr. VanderSloot was willing to put something in writing. Mr. VanderSloot was not willing to reopening negotiations. He was willing to commit to the Board. Board Member Case said that it the Board had to power to condition the lease extension and asked if they could make an amendment to do that. Chair asked if it was legal to put something in writing in the lease. DAG Yee answered that it could not be done without mutual consent. He said Board could disapprove the extension or add conditions. If the lessee agrees, it would be executed. If the lessee does not agree, then it would not be executed Board Member Cabral said that anyone could have bought the plant. He asked why the discussion was going round and round when there was someone willing and with the background to do it. He said a lot of the small ranchers are in support. Vote: Approved; 9-0 V. OLD BUSINESS None. **NEW BUSINESS** VI. At next meeting, Board Member Mina will share information updates on the Soil Health Initiative and there will be an update from the Agribusiness Development Corp.

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VII. ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING: Mina/Ley
Approved; 9-0
The meeting was adjourned at 12:45 pm

Respectfully submitted,
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8 9 Jan Ferrer 10 Board Secretary 11